



# The CSIAMUN Journal

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# Public Health emergencies of the importance of sharing pathogen genome data, pathogen sharing is necessary worldwide?

Recent public health emergencies of international concern have highlighted the importance of sharing pathogen genome data. During the COVID-19 pandemic, it was evident that the lack of genome data was a significant deterrent to its quick end. Although the world staggers forward from the last deadly attack, a new plague can strike any day, and the world must be prepared for the next rounds.



Pathogenic microbial resources are vital to maintaining national biosafety as an essential strategic biological resource. In favor of holistically preventing, preparing, and responding to public health emergencies of international concern (PHEIC), ensuring equitable access to pathogen sharing and benefit-sharing is essential.

Generally, the goal of the United States delegates is to speak on awareness and require cooperation in the global response to COVID-19. Unlike the United States, which is dominant in vaccine development, delegates argue that they had a much harder time during the COVID-19 pandemic. Additionally, developing countries' delegates argued for a more global outlook from first-world countries like the U.S. regarding their response to the sharing of vaccine supplies and data. Delegates backed up their claim by sourcing research proving that pathogen-sharing and benefit-sharing (P-ABS) research results through international collaboration are crucial for transparent and effective regulation.



“Countries can join together in MEDC and LEDC’s P-ABS alliance to activate funding and effectively generate new information on potential pathogens,” delegate of Brazil added. The resolution encourages partnerships between countries with the goal of equal participation in pathogen-sharing of all Member States..

# How Your Myers-Briggs Test Influences in MUN Conferences; how they participate, express their opinions, and perform their roles

The MBTI assessment can reveal a lot about a person's temperament through the use of simple binary values for four categories ranging from Extraversion(E)–Introversion(I), Sensing(S)–Intuition(N), Thinking(T)–Feeling(F), and Judging(J)–Perceiving(P), resulting in 16 different four-letter personality types. Now, this begs the question: do MBTI personality types also affect delegates during the MUN conference? To go into depth, I reached out to two distinguished delegates from the CSIAMUN conference.



## ENTJ, the Commander

Introducing Jua Kim, a junior representing Pakistan in the Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) committee. Her MBTI is ENTJ, which the test claims to be a natural-born leader, embodying confidence and guidance. “It’s really important to be social during the lobbying process. Also, thanks to my MBTI, I was motivated to go up to the podium and actively persuade my fellow delegates.”

Her delegates of the UNESCO committee have also undoubtedly witnessed her active participation and unwavering assurance. Jua emphasized, “My active participation during the conference was the encouragement from my MBTI, I believe.” This underscores the correlation between the delegate’s MBTI and her contribution to the conference.

## ESTP, the Entrepreneur

Samantha Carmen Ögren, Delegate of the United Arab Emirates of the Security Council. She is a delegate who consistently brings up intriguing ideas with fresh perspectives to her resolutions and takes charge as the primary submitter of the bloc.

No doubt, she is true to her MBTI personality, ESTP. Known to be a navigator and socializer who loves to venture forth. Carmen added, “I believe my MBTI plays a key role in my style of approaching MUN… especially my quality also helps me to delve deeper into issues and topics, helping me understand different countries’ varying perspectives.” Carmen had a deep understanding of the topic and countries’ stances while also possessing impressive communication skills, guiding her through all the debates and blocs.



Throughout the CSIAMUN, the two distinguishing delegates, Jua Kim and Samantha Carmen Ögran, were interviewed about the significance of the Myers-Briggs Test and their experience at the conference. Through this quasi-research of delegates, it was evident that the MBTI test was a good indicator of the delegates’ personalities and the characteristics of their experience of the conference. I confidently recommend that future delegates conduct an MBTI test and find their strengths and weaknesses to have a spectacular time at their CSIAMUN.

# Everything about the CSIAMUN management team

From the very first morning of the CSIAMUN conference, the management team of the CSIAMUN worked as hard as possible to provide the best experience for the incoming delegates in their respective positions: staff, chair, and press. They took care of nearly 150 delegates at the conference, which was 50 more than last year.

## What were some difficulties?

Seungyun Lee and Suwan Lim, the deputy chairs of the Commission on Science and Technology for Development (CSTD) and the Environment Assembly (EA), mentioned that being a chair was not only mentally but also physically challenging work. "The harshest part was that there was not much time for resting. I was so tired by the end of the day" Seungyun's commented on the matter. However, they thanked the delegates for being punctual and orderly. "The most delightful part of being a chair was when the delegate thanked me after helping them," they also added.



"Waking up in the early morning was the hardest part of this job," Eunyul Park, the press of the CSTD, confessed. However, despite all the hardships, the fabulous pictures Eunyul took encouraged him to keep working. "It gave me a lot of pride," he said.



The member of the design team, Siwon Chae, left similar comments about her role as a CSIAMUN management team. "Fixing all the errors and mistakes made was the hardest thing to do because it took a lot of time," she answered, "but my beautiful designs that elevated the beauty of the conference motivated me to keep working."

Finally, Seungyun Lee and Suwan Lim picked confidence and risk management skills as the most significant abilities for the CSIAMUN management team. They encouraged the delegates who wished to manage the conference someday to have confidence in themselves. On the other hand, Eunyul Park and Siwon Chae highlighted the significance of passion and hard work.

# Confronting the ocean acidification crisis

The United Nations Environment Assembly (UNEA) is the leading global environmental authority. UNEA's mission is to inspire, inform, and enable nations and peoples to improve their quality of life without compromising that of future generations. On the first day of the CSIAMUN XVI conference, UNEA focused on Agenda A, 'devising ways to counteract the increasing acidification of the ocean.'

Ocean acidification is the decrease of ocean pH level due to the absorption of carbon dioxide(CO<sub>2</sub>) from the atmosphere. The primary cause of this phenomenon is deforestation and rapid industrialization. Ocean acidification has several significant impacts on marine ecosystems and organisms. The most notable effect is the reduced availability of carbonate ions, essential building blocks for forming calcium carbonate, a vital component of the shells and skeletons of many marine organisms, such as corals, mollusks, and some plankton species. The delegates had to focus on overall environmental pollution, including air pollution from industrial and vehicle emissions and water pollution from urban wastes, to find specific solutions.

The draft resolution submitted by Germany, Australia, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, United Kingdom, Greece, and Italy was chiefly focused on implementing high-end tech. Delegates observed that air pollution and water pollution are worsening ocean acidification, and the problem is a threat not only to marine ecosystems but also to ocean-related industries. Recalling the Paris Agreement and Kyoto Protocol, the countries urged other delegates to fund further research and development to reduce and monitor CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. They aimed to gather support to develop eco-friendly technologies to discover further avenues for cleaner energy sources. As the delegates of Belgium and Italy pointed out, the potential dangers of plastic waste research suggest it to be one of the leading causes of acidification. Accordingly, the bloc suggested a government-based campaign and education program to prevent illegal waste disposal in the sea.

Japan, Brazil, China, Indonesia, Liechtenstein, Portugal, the Republic of Korea, Slovakia,



Slovenia, the United Arab Emirates, and the United States of America concentrated on the development and supply of renewable energy sources. The countries suggested the creation of the Global Ocean Acidification Monitoring and Policy Coordination Center to share data on issues related to the climate, including, but not limited to, ocean acidification and oceanic activity trends. The delegates pointed out the importance of restoring the ecosystem to preserve the future of humanity.

# The Fashion Icons of CSIAMUN 2024

*Amidst the crowd of fashion enthusiasts, Minchan Park (WHA, Delegate of China), Kyle Lee (ECOSOC, Delegate of Libya), and Yejoon Koh (UNEA, Delegate of Germany) stand out as the Best Dressed Participants of the CSIAMUN 2024. These delegates have embraced the spotlight through their choices, from effortlessly styled clothing to eye-catching outfits.*

## The Timeless Dresser

Minchan Park, the Delegate of China from the World Health Assembly (WHA) committee, attracts the gaze of everyone with a timeless green sweater, earning the title of a style icon. “The inspiration for today’s outfit was to look as formal as possible, so I tried to put on different kinds of clothes. But lastly, this sweater’s color and stripes were the ones I was looking for.”

His choice of this sweater became a signature touch that effortlessly elevated his overall look. Minchan dressing up with a modest green sweater enhanced his persuasiveness and cultivated a commanding presence, positioning him as a leading delegate within his bloc.



## The Classic Business Dresser

The classical tuxedo dresser, Kyle Lee, is a CSIA freshman and the Libya representative from the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) committee. He has commanded attention with his simple black-and-white attire, and by adding up a bowtie. The refined sense of style has given the aim for professionalism and sophistication, which brings confidence and attention to detail. Kyle indicated, “I think a well-chosen outfit not only conveys professionalism but can also positively influence how others perceive and interact with me in the session.”

For the most part, Kyle emphasize his commitment to a formal appearance and underscores his understanding of the importance of visual communication in the conference settings based on the logistics of the CSIAMUN conference.

“A recognition of the bow tie’s exclusivity in an all-tie room makes you definitely stand out.”  
A fashion icon in the making.



## The Inventive Dresser

Yejoon Koh, a rising sophomore at the Cheongshim International Academy (CSIA), represents Germany on the Environment Assembly (UNEA) committee. His notable clothing – formal Western Business Attire clothing – draws any passerby’s attention. On top of this, with the addition of his blue tie, his ingenuity and creativity shine through, landing him the title of “The Inventive Dresser” of CSIAMUN.



“I came up with this suit because it was my grandmother’s birthday present for me and the durability,” he added. Providing additional insight into his background expression through fashion. Above all, Yejoon’s innovative and bold expression of personal style distinguishes him from the laymen’s fashion trends. Blending the classic and modernity with his clothing, he has clearly shown that fashion is not just about following trends but creating our uniqueness.

This year, the three ultimate fashion icons of the CSIAMUN have approached many of the distinguished delegates as “Influential Style Figures.” Throughout the conference, Minchan Park, Kyle Lee, and Yejoon Koh have idealistically proposed a constructive impact on clothing, effortlessly mixing freshness and modernity and giving out a characteristic sense of fashion. But we sure need to remember that fashion is not just a style but a behavior, self-expression, visual communication, and so forth, endless. So, for an astonishing experience at CSIAMUN, the Journalism Committee highly assures the future delegates to also be considerate in the inspirations and to aspire to fellow delegates as fashion icons in the next conference.

# Security Council Delegates use their Veto during their efforts to help the Yemen conflict

The United Nations Security Council is the UN's primary body for maintaining international peace and security. The committee comprises 12 member states, five permanent members known as the "P5 group" (China, Russia, France, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and the United States of America), and seven non-permanent elected members.

SC's agenda is 'fostering inclusive peace-building and post-conflict reconstruction within Yemen's conflict zones.' The ongoing conflict in Yemen since 2014 resulted in a devastating amount of casualties and fatalities, including civilians. The Security Council seeks to address the ongoing conflict in Yemen and outline ways for inclusive peace-building and effective post-conflict reconstruction within the conflict zones. The delegates actively expressed their opinions about the agenda. They built two blocs, taking the lead of the Russian Federation and the delegate of the United Arab Emirates.

Draft resolutions submitted by the Russian Federation, the Federal Republic of Germany, the Republic of Ecuador, the United States of America, and the People's Republic of China contained solutions about the economic impact of the Yemen conflict and military authorities for peace.

The second operative clause of the resolution focused on requesting the five permanent nations of the United Nations to gather to prevent conflict in the Red Sea region's international trade system. The bloc of delegates requesting such a clause believed gathering 100 active personnel from all five permanent nations was necessary for a safe resolution of the conflict. In opposition, the delegate of France vetoed the operative clause, thinking that at least 200 personnel was required for such an arduous procedure. However, during the discussion with five permanent nations (caucus), France canceled their veto power.





Another heated point of discussion was that of whether to support all affected Yemenis without discretion. The delegate of Russia strongly believed that medically supporting all Yemenis, including Houthis, did not make sense and sent the amendment to strike the clause. However, the delegate of France vetoed the amendment for humanitarian reasons, and the delegate of UAE supported the idea by mentioning child soldiers of Houthi forced against their will, which resulted in the delegate of Russia using veto power against the whole operative clause about medical support to Yemenis.

The United Arab Emirates, Canada, France, Gabon, Bhana, Japan, and the United Kingdom focused on not only preventing the conflict but also helping those who have already been affected. The countries suggested financially supporting Yemenis by managing healthcare infrastructures and initiating regular discussions to promote a sustainable relationship.